Aberdeen Standard Investments

Latest Fund Report

MyFolio Multi Manager IV (30/06/2021)

Retail

Key facts

Katie Trowsdale is a Katie Trowsdale & Rob Bowie Fund Manager

fund manager, having joined from Gartmore in 2011. She was previously at

Kleinwort Benson Private Bank and Heartwood Wealth. Rob Bowie previously held roles Credit Suisse, Artemis, ABN Amro and Singer & Friedlander. Together they form part of the Multi-Manager Strategies team at Aberdeen Standard Investments.

Fund Launch Date	20/09/2010
Shareclass Launch Dat	
Fund Size	£305.96m
Initial Charge	4.00%
Annual Management C	
Ongoing Charge Figure	[†] 1.70%
Fund Structure	OEIC
Valuation Point	12:00 (IIK time)
Base Currency	GBP
SEDOL	B550RR3
ISIN	GB00B550RR32
CitiCode	KRI6
Domicile	United Kingdom
Distribution Type	Accumulation
Asset Class	Mixed Asset
Fund Yield ^{††}	1.22%
Authorised Corporate	Aberdeen Standard
Director (ACD)	Fund Managers Ltd
Performance 20%	6 FTSE All-Share Index,
	40% MSCI World ex UK
In	dex, 40% SONIA Index
Risk Target	60%-90% of the MSCI
	World Index
Ratings	

Ratings

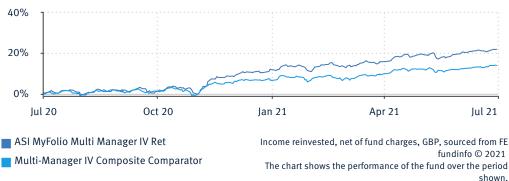


Investment Objective

To generate growth over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a defined level of risk. The fund is part of the MyFolio Multi-Manager range, which offers five funds with different expected combinations of investment risk and return. This fund is risk level IV, which aims to be the second highest risk fund in this range. Risk Target: The defined level of risk referred to above that the management team is targeting is within the range of 60-90% of world stock markets (represented by the MSCI World Index, over 10 years). There is no certainty or promise that this target will be achieved. The Risk Target has been chosen as it represents a risk range which is appropriate for the fund. Performance Comparator: For comparison purposes, investors can compare the fund's long term performance to a basket of assets (before charges) with a risk profile at the lower range of the Risk Target stated above (i.e. 60% of world stock markets), which the ACD considers appropriate given the investment policy and Risk Target of the fund. This basket is composed 20% FTSE All-Share Index, 40% MSCI World ex UK Index and 40% SONIA Index.

For the full fund description please refer to the 'Fund Description section' on the last page of this report. Please note that the number contained in the fund name is not related to the synthetic risk and reward indicator contained in the Key Investor Information Document (KIID)

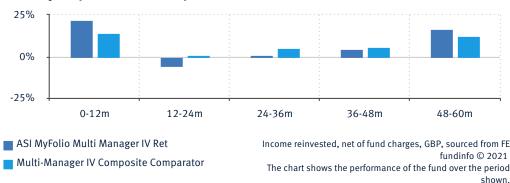
Cumulative performance (as at 30/06/2021)



Cumulative performance (as at 30/06/2021)

	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
ASI MyFolio Multi Manager IV Ret	5.35%	8.98%	21.92%	15.45%	40.74%	93.41%
Multi-Manager IV Composite Comparator	4.19%	6.91%	13.87%	20.22%	42.60%	90.19%

Year on year (as at 30/06/2021)



Year on year (as at 30/06/2021)

	0-12m	12-24m	24-36m	36-48m	48-60m
ASI MyFolio Multi Manager IV Ret	21.92%	-5.61%	0.32%	4.48%	16.68%
Multi-Manager IV Composite Comparator	13.87%	0.68%	4.87%	5.73%	12.18%

Past performance is not a guide to future returns. The value of this investment and the income from it may go down as well as up and cannot be guaranteed. An investor may receive back less than their original investment.

Source: FE fundinfo, as at 30 June 2021. Calculation basis: Sterling, total return, net income reinvested, net of fees. The comparative index is 20% FTSE All-Share Index, 40% MSCI World ex UK Index, 40% SONIA Index

This document is intended for use by individuals who are familiar with investment terminology. To help you understand a fund and for a full explanation of specific risks and the overall risk profile of the fund and the shareclasses within it, please refer to the Key Investor Information Document or Prospectus.

Market review

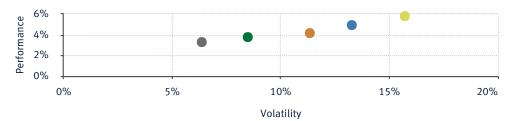
Global equity markets rose over the period, with the US, Europe and emerging markets the best-performing regions. Lockdown restrictions imposed by the onset of the Covid-19 outbreak dominated stock markets at the beginning of the period, with economic activity then grinding to a halt. However, massive fiscal and monetary stimulus pushed through earlier by governments and central banks supported sentiment. Markets began to recover into the summer months, as investors hoped that economies would return to some kind of normality.

Despite falling in September and October amid an uptick in Covid-19 cases, markets surged after Joe Biden won the US presidential election in November. The US stock market then surpassed all-time highs at the end of 2020, driven by the approval of the Covid-19 fiscal relief package. Positive results from several vaccine trials then led to the roll out of vaccination programmes. Latin American markets were particularly strong at the end of 2020, driven by vaccine optimism and a 'risk-on' environment. Accelerating vaccine rollouts and the easing of restrictions on social mobility helped boost hopes of a global economic rebound, with equities finishing the period positively. However, UK stocks lagged towards the end of the period as the Government extended lockdown restrictions by four weeks.

In fixed income, government bond prices fell over the 12 months. Early on, the pandemic and associated lockdown restrictions heightened fears of a deep recession. This 'risk-off' environment boosted government bond prices as investors fled to their perceived safety. As a result, major government bond yields fell to record-low levels by the middle of 2020. Rising optimism about vaccines and concerns that an economic recovery will fuel sharp rises in inflation led to a drop in government bond prices, although they started to rise at the end of the period. Corporate bonds performed well, as stimulus measures including corporate bond purchases by central banks - and rising economic optimism helped bolster the market.

Total returns from UK commercial real estate were 6.8% over the 12 months to the end of May (the latest data available). Investment activity was low early on because of market uncertainty and buyers being physically unable to inspect properties. As restrictions eased, investment deals increased. Alongside continued growth in industrials, stabilisation in the retail warehouse sector boosted returns. However, the effect of remote working on offices continued to be felt, with capital values steadily declining.

Annualised risk and return (as at 30/06/2021)



Income reinvested, net of fund charges, GBP, sourced from FE fundinfo © 2021 The chart shows the annualised volatility (risk) and annualised performance based on fund returns over the past three years to the date shown.

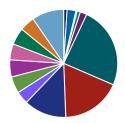
Key	Name	Performance	Volatility
	ASI MyFolio Multi Manager I Ret	3.26%	6.37%
•	ASI MyFolio Multi Manager II Ret	3.75%	8.52%
	ASI MyFolio Multi Manager III Ret	4.17%	11.35%
	ASI MyFolio Multi Manager IV Ret	4.90%	13.32%
•	ASI MyFolio Multi Manager V Ret	5.83%	15.74%

The table shows the annualised volatility (risk) and annualised performance based on fund returns over the past three years to the date shown.

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Current asset allocation (as at 30/06/2021)

ASI MyFolio Multi Manager IV Ret



Defensive assets	%
Money Market including Cash	1.00%
Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bonds	2.65%
Global Corporate Bonds	0.35%
Short Dated Global Corporate Bonds	1.00%
Diversifying Defensive Assets	2.00%
Total	7.00%
Srowth assets	%
UK Equities	24.50%
US Equities	17.90%
European Equities	12.75%
Japanese Equities	3.80%
Asia Pacific Equities	5.00%
Emerging Market Equities	5.10%
Emerging Market Local Currency Bonds	4.80%
Global High Yield Bonds	5.05%
Diversifying Growth Assets	4.50%
Property	9.60%
Total	93.00%

urce: Aberdeen Standard Investments 2021

Fund commentary

Allocations to UK, US, European and emerging market equities, and property were the largest positive contributors to returns over the past 12 months. The actively managed tactical tilts placed over the year had a positive effect on overall Fund performance.

Over the 12 months to the end of June 2021, the main changes to the asset allocation were as follows:

Reduced exposure

- global corporate bonds
- UK equities
- Japanese equities
- emerging market equities
- global high-yield bondsdiversifying growth assets
- Increased exposure
- short-dated sterling corporate bonds
- US equities
- European equities
- emerging market local-currency bonds

Market outlook

The global economy will likely experience a period of above-trend growth as it rebounds from the Covid-19 crisis. The current market backdrop is supportive for equities, with investor concern about long-term inflation abating and developed market monetary policy remaining accommodative. Moreover, better company fundamentals have also kept investors buoyant. However, it is still possible that inflationary concerns may reemerge. Additionally, central banks have started to signal the need to reduce assetrepurchase programmes. Also, as the investment cycle matures, valuations rise and sentiment improves, prospective returns should steadily diminish.

Within fixed income, increasing vaccine dissemination and the progressive easing of Covid-19 mobility restrictions are supporting both economic activity and sentiment. The economic recovery in the US has been particularly strong, with an annualised real GDP growth rate of 6.4% in the first quarter. As a result, inflation has also been picking up strongly, and a key focus of investor attention is on whether this will be transitory or more long-lived. Evidence suggesting the latter would not be seen favourably.

In UK commercial real estate, industrials are likely to be the best-performing sector in 2021 for a fifth successive year. Meanwhile, there are increasing signs of bifurcation in the retail sector. Retail that is skewed towards grocery, value and core bulky goods has not just stabilised but started to see rising capital values. In contrast, discretionary and fashion-led retail is likely to see further loss, with shopping centre returns expected to be sharply negative in 2021.

Holdings (as at 30/06/2021) - assuming £100,000 fund value

Defensive assets	Asset class	£	%
Payden Absolute Return Bond	Diversifying Defensive Assets	£1200.00	1.20%
Robeco Global Credits	Global Corporate Bonds	£280.00	0.28%
Robeco Global Credits Short Maturity	Short Dated Global Corporate Bonds	£1020.00	1.02%
Royal London Short Duration Credit Fund	Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bonds	£2180.00	2.18%
Z inc			
T Rowe Price Dynamic Global Bond	Diversifying Defensive Assets	£640.00	0.64%
Cash and Other	Money Market including Cash	£900.00	0.90%
Total		£6220.00	6.22%
Growth assets	Asset class	£	%
Amundi Index FTSE EPRA NAREIT Global	Property	£2360.00	2.36%
Artemis Global Emerging Markets	Emerging Market Equities	£3270.00	3.27%
Artemis US Select	US Equities	£2740.00	2.74%
Barings European High Yield Bond Fund Acc	Global High Yield Bonds	£1300.00	1.30%
BlackRock European Dynamic Fund Class FD Acc	European Equities	£5990.00	5.99%
Brookfield Global REITS	Property	£2310.00	2.31%
Brown Advisory US Small Cap Blend	US Equities	£1450.00	1.45%
CF Lindsell Train UK Equity Fund	UK Equities	£2450.00	2.45%
Dodge and Cox US Stock Fund	US Equities	£2740.00	2.74%
Eaton Vance Emerging Markets Local Inc Fund	Emerging Market Local Currency Bonds	£2160.00	2.16%
Edgewood L US Select US Growth Fund	US Equities	£2270.00	2.27%
Fidelity UK Smaller Companies	UK Equities	£1980.00	1.98%
Findlay Park American GBP Unhedged	US Equities	£4580.00	4.58%
First State Asia Focus Fund Class B Acc	Asia Pacific Equities	£2510.00	2.51%
Four Seasons Alpha Max Japan Fund	Japanese Equities	£760.00	0.76%
Hermes Asia Ex Japan Equity	Asia Pacific Equities	£2580.00	2.58%
Invesco EM Local Debt Fund S GBP Acc	Emerging Market Local Currency Bonds	£2280.00	2.28%
Invesco European Equity Income	European Equities	£5340.00	5.34%
Invesco Japanese Equity Advantage	Japanese Equities	£1830.00	1.83%
Investec UK Alpha	UK Equities	£7850.00	7.85%
Janus Henderson UK Property	Property	£5100.00	5.10%
JO Hambro UK Dynamic	UK Equities	£5410.00	5.41%
Jupiter UK Special Situations Fund	UK Equities	£4810.00	4.81%
Lazard European Smaller Companies	European Equities	£1530.00	1.53%
LF Morant Wright Nippon Yield	Japanese Equities	£1090.00	1.09%
LF Tellworth UK Smaller Companies	UK Equities	£1980.00	1.98%
Nomura US High Yield Bond	Global High Yield Bonds	£4380.00	4.38%
RWC Global Emerging Markets Fund S Acc	Emerging Market Equities	£2200.00	2.20%
TM Fulcrum Diversified Core Absolute Return	Diversifying Growth Assets	£3910.00	3.91%
Vanguard US Equity Index	US Equities	£4620.00	4.62%
Total		£93780.00	93.78%

Source: Aberdeen Standard Investments 2021

Fund Description

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How the fund invests

Portfolio Securities

• The fund will invest at least 60% in actively managed funds, including those managed by Aberdeen Standard Investments, to obtain broad exposure to a range of diversified investments.

It may invest up to 40% in passively managed funds (including those managed by Aberdeen Standard Investments).
Typically, at least 10% of the assets will be those traditionally viewed as lower risk, such as cash, money market

instruments, government bonds (loans to a government) and investment grade corporate bonds (loans to a company). • The rest of the fund will be invested in a selection of other assets such as equities (company shares including property shares), commercial property and funds that can use a combination of traditional assets (such as equities and bonds) and investment strategies based on derivatives.

Management Process

• The management team use their discretion (active management) to select funds within each asset class and ensure that the strategic asset allocation (long-term proportions in each asset class) meets the fund's objectives.

• In addition, they will take tactical asset allocations (changing short term proportions in each asset class) with the aim of improving returns.

• Please note that the number contained in the fund name is not related to the SRRI contained in the Key Investor Information document (NURS-KII).

Derivatives and Techniques

The fund is not expected to invest in derivatives directly however it may invest in other funds which use derivatives more
extensively.

[†] The Ongoing Charge Figure (OCF) shows the annualised operating expenses of the share/unit class as a percentage of the average net asset value of the class over the same period. It is made up of the Annual Management Charge (AMC) and other expenses taken from the class over the last annual reporting period, such as depositary fees, audit fees, investment management fees, and administration fees. It excludes portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling in another collective investment undertaking. The OCF can help you compare the costs and expenses of different Funds/classes.

^{††} The FundYield as at 30/06/2021 reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the midmarket share price, as at the date shown. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions. The fund charges 100% of the annual management charge to capital. This has the effect of increasing distributions for the year and constraining the fund's capital performance to an equivalent extent.

Key risks

- a. The fund invests in securities which are subject to the risk that the issuer may default on interest or capital payments.b. The use of derivatives carries the risk of reduced liquidity, substantial loss and increased volatility in adverse market
- conditions, such as a failure amongst market participants. The use of derivatives may result in the fund being leveraged (where market exposure and thus the potential for loss by the fund exceeds the amount it has invested) and in these market conditions the effect of leverage will be to magnify losses.
- c. The fund invests in emerging market equities and / or bonds. Investing in emerging markets involves a greater risk of loss than investing in more developed markets due to, among other factors, greater political, tax, economic, foreign exchange, liquidity and regulatory risks.
- d. The fund invests in equity and equity related securities. These are sensitive to variations in the stock markets which can be volatile and change substantially in short periods of time.
- e. The fund invests in high yielding bonds which carry a greater risk of default than those with lower yields.
- f. The fund price can go up or down daily for a variety of reasons including changes in interest rates, inflation expectations or the perceived credit quality of individual countries or securities.
- g. Commercial property is less liquid than other asset classes such as bonds or equities. Selling property can be a lengthy process so investors in the fund should be aware that they may not be able to sell their investment when they want to.
- h. Commercial property transaction charges are higher than those which apply in other asset classes. Investors should be aware that a high volume of transactions would have a material impact on fund returns.
- i. Property valuation is a matter of judgment by an independent valuer and is therefore a matter of the valuer's opinion rather than fact.
- j. The fund employs a single swinging pricing methodology to protect against the dilution impact of transaction costs. Due to the high transaction charges associated with the fund's assets, a change in the pricing basis will result in a significant movement in the fund's published price.

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